A 03:Knowledge and Curriculum

Internal - 30

Total Credit- 4

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- To get information about concept, sources of knowledge, and facets of knowledge. • To appraise the Student-Teacher about the concept of Modernization, Multiculturalism and
- To acquaint the Student-Teacher with the culture and modernity, nationalism, universalism
- To understand the concept of hidden curriculum and analyse various curriculum framework
- To appraise the Student-Teacher about the concept of autonomy.
- To explain the meaning and different types and determinants of curriculum.
- To get information about principles and Approaches of curriculum construction
- To acquire conceptual understanding of power, Ideology and the curriculum

Unit-1 Epistemological bases of Education

- Concept of knowledge: Meaning, Definition, concept and characteristics 1.1
- Types of knowledge: Philosophical, Psychological, Propositional 1.2
- Source of knowledge: Education, situational, conceptual and strategic 1.3
- Distinction between Knowledge and skills, Knowledge and Information, 14 Teaching and Training, Reason and Belief.

Unit-2 Social and Cultural context of Education

- Concept of Society and Culture, Its influences in recent education system. 2.1
- Influence of modern values like equity and equality, Individual opportunity and 2.2 social justice.
- Tagore and Kirshnamurti: With reference tonationalism, universalism and 2.3 secularism.
- Academic Autonomy: Meaning, Merits and Demerits 2.4

Unit-3 Curriculum

- Curriculum: Meaning, Steps, Difference between syllabus and curriculum. 3.1
- Role of Govt, and Society in construction of curriculum. 3.2
- Foundations of Curriculum: Philosophical, Psychological and Sociological 3.3
- Issues related curriculum development, Concept of Hidden curriculum. 3.4

Curriculum transaction and evaluation Unit-4

- Strategies for making curriculum contextually responsive 4.1
- Steps of curriculum development 4.2
- Hilda Taba model of curriculum development 4.3
- Methods of curriculum evaluation 4.4

Suggested Activity

- 1. Prepare a small curriculum for course.
- 2. Select social one social issues and prepare small curriculum module for its suggested solutions.

A 04:Learning and Teaching

Total Credit- 4

Internal - 30

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- To become aware of different contexts of learning and situate schools as aspecial environment for learning:
- To reflect on their own implicit understanding of the nature and kinds of learning;
- Gain an understanding of different theoretical perspectives on learning with a focus on cognitive views of learning as well as social-constructivist theories;
- Explore the possibilities of an understanding of processes in human cognition and meaning-making them as basis for designing learning environments and experiences at school:
- Gain insight and reflect on the concept of teaching and the status of teaching as a profession:
- Use various methods of teaching for transacting the curriculums in school;
- Prepare teachers for reflective teaching.

Unit-1 Learning

- 1.1 Learning: Meaning, Definition and characteristics
- 1.2 Socio-cultural factors influencing cognition and learning.
- Types of learning: Self learning, Multisensory learning, CAI 1.3
- 1.4 Factors influences learning, learning process, memory and forgetting

Unit-2 Learning theories and behavior changes

- 2.1 Pavlov Classical conditioning learning theory its uses in classroom.
- Learning theories of Skinner, Thorndike, Gestalts 2.2
- Transfer of learning, types, and factor affected of transfer of learning 2.3
- Role of motivation, interest and readiness in learning 2.4

Unit-3 Teaching

- Concept of Profession; Teaching as a profession, Professional ethics for 3.1 teachers
- Concept and nature of teaching 3.2
- 3.3 Maxims of teaching
- Ned Flanders classroom interaction analysis 3.4

Unit-4 Teaching Model

- Models of Teaching: Meaning, Concept, Uses in routine teaching 4.1
- Concept Attainment Model; Meaning, steps, merits and demerits 4.2
- Inquiry Training Model; Meaning, steps, merits and demerits 4.3 4.4
- Advance organizer model: Meaning, steps, merits and demerits

Suggested Activity

- 1. Prepare lesson plan of your main school subject with the help of any one teaching model.
- 2. Prepare any one computer program for self learning

SEMESTER-2 C 02: Assessment of learning

Internal - 30 External - 70

Total Credit- 4

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able: Understand the nature of assessment and its role in teaching learning process

- Critically analyze the role of assessment at different domains of learning
- Develop the skill of construction of testing tools
- Understand, analyze, manage and implement assessment data
- Examine different trends and issues in assessment To emerging trends of evaluation and suggest solutions for examination problems

Unit-1 Measurement and Evaluation

- Measurement: Meaning, Definitions, importance and types
- Evaluation: Meaning, definitions, characteristics and Importance
- 1.2 Steps of evaluation, Evaluation triangle 1.3
- Principals and types of evaluation 1.4

Unit-2 Assessment trends

- Present examination system, issues and suggestion. 2.1
- Online evaluation: Meaning, Merits and Demerits 2.2
- Open book Examination: Meaning, Merits and Demerits 2.3
- Continues and Comprehensive evaluation and its importance. 74

Unit-3 Tools of Evaluation

- Rating Scale, Check list, Observation 3.1
- Blue Print: Importance, Steps, Merits, characteristics of ideal question paper. 3.2
- Characteristics of a good tool of evaluation: Validity, Reliability, Objectivity and 3.3
- Techniques of Assessment: Use of Projects, Assignments, Work sheets, Practical 3.4 work, Performance based activities, Seminars and Reports as assessment devices.

Unit-4 Analysis of Assessment

- 4.1 Measurement of central tendency: Mean, Median and Mode with computation
- 4.2 Measurement of variability: range, mean deviation, standard deviation and quartile deviation with computation and interpretation
- 4.3 Percentile and percentile rank with computation
- Role of Feedback in Improving learning and learners' development. 4.4

Suggested Activity

- 1. Construction of an Achievement Test with the help of blue print
- 2. Interpret class result with the help of statistics and make graphical presentation of it. Suggested Readings:
 - Aggarwal, Y.P. (1989): Statistical Methods. Concepts Application & Computation, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
 - Anastasi, A. (1983): Psychological Testing.., 6th Ed. New York, The Macmillan Co.
 - Asthana Bipin(2011) Measurement and Evaluation in Psychology and Education. Agrwal Publications, Agra.

EPC-2: Drama and Art in Education

Total Credit- 2

Internal - 50

External - 00

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- To acquaint the students with art, music and drama for expression and communication purpose.
- To develop imagination, aesthetics and sense of appreciation for Arts.
- To understand local culture, art forms and interpret art work.
- To understand self and self expressions for enhancing creativity.
- To develop the sense of correlation of art with education.
- To prepare effective teaching aids for effective teaching learning.
- To train, enhance some theatre and music skills that will help them be Creative and enlightened teachers.
- To write legibly on chalk board.
- To learn to handle and display teaching material.

Unit - 1 Art Education

- 1.1 Art Education: Meaning, concept, importance and Scope.
- 1.2 Indian Rasa Theories (Bharat Muni's, NatyaShastra).
- 1.3 Role of Art (Visual arts, Literary Arts and performing Arts),
- 1.4 Music and Drama in Teaching and Learning-need and importance,

Unit - 2 Performing Arts Education

- 2.1 Theatre: Introduction, Importance and role of Drama in Society, Role of Drama in Education
- 2.2 Forms and Styles, Comedy and Tragedy.
- 2.3 Components of Theatre: Role play, Space, Time, Audience and Performance.
- 2.4 Various forms of Music: Gayan, Vadan and Nartan.

Unit - 3 Dramas and Art in School

- 3.1 Meaning and concept of arts and its significance at school education
- 3.2 Difference between Arts in education and Education in arts
- 3.3 Identification of different performing arts.
- 3.4 Identification of different forms and artists.

Unit-4 Activity in School

- 4.1 Theme based composition with action.
- 4.2 Drawing & Painting on different subjects.
- 4.3 Design: Floral and Geometrical (Rangoli).
- 4.4 Collage, Cutting and Pasting, Preparation of an Advertisement.

Suggested Activity:

B 106: Mathematics

Total Credit- 4

Internal - 30 External - 70

Objectives of the course:

- After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:
- Understand general principles & maxims of teaching of Mathematics. Trainee teachers differentiate lesson planning & unit planning in relation to
- To acquire knowledge of teaching Methods and Approaches of Mathematics.
- Develops the skill of using various methods of teaching of Mathematics.
- Trainee teachers will develop the skill of preparing ideal question paper according to blueprint in Mathematics.
- Become familiar with internship programme.

Unit-1 Planning of Mathematics Teaching

- 1.1 Developing yearly planning
- 1.2 Developing monthly planning.
- Developing unit lesson planning. 1.3
- The Mathematicsteacher: Social and Professional Responsibility 1.4

Unit-2 Method of Mathematics

(Importance, usefulness, advantage and disadvantages of following methods)

- 2.1 Lecture method
- 2.2 Demonstration.
- 2.3 Inductive – deductive
- 2.4 Analytic and synthetic

Unit-3 Approaches of Teaching Mathematics and Maxims

(Introduction, Importance, usefulness, advantage and disadvantages of following methods)

- 3.1 Oral work, Inductive – deductive, Inquiry
- Assignment, Drill Review work 3.2
- 3.3 Maxims of teaching
- Evaluation of teaching of Mathematics: Concept and Impotence 3.4
 - Continuous and Comprehensive evaluation of Mathematics
 - test in Mathematics teaching: Teacher made, standardized, diagnostic, remedial test and construction of good question paper and blue print
 - Internship: Meaning, Importance, layout, role of trainees in internship, and activities.

Unit-4 Content

Content (1)	Std-9.
Lesson-04	Coordinate Geometry (sem-1)
Lesson-07	Some primary concepts in geometry-I (sem-I)
Lesson-16	Statistics (sem-2)
Content (1)	Std-10.
Lesson-3	Pair of Liner Equation in Two Variables
Lesson-7	Similarity and the theory of Pythagoras
Lesson-10	Heights and Distances

Heights and Distances Areas Related to a Circle Lesson-13

B 107: Science and Technology

Internal - 30

Total Credit. 4

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- Understand general principles & maxims of teaching of Science and Technology. Trainee teachers differentiate lesson planning & unit planning in relation to Science and
- To acquire knowledge of teaching methods of Science and Technology.
- Develops the skill of using various methods of teaching of Science and Technology.
- Trainee teachers will develop the skill of preparing ideal question paper according to blueprint in Science and Technology.
- Become familiar with internship programme.

Unit-1 General Principles & Maxims of Teaching Science and technology

- Principle of teaching: Meaning, Concept, Scope. 1.1
- General principles of teaching of Science and technology. 1.2
- Maxims of Teaching: Meaning, Importance. 1.3
- Maxims of Science and technology teaching. 14

Unit-2 Lesson planning in Science and technology (Unit Lesson Planning)

- Unit Lesson Plan: Meaning, concept, importance, steps, characteristics. 21
 - Prepare a unit lesson plan.
- Difference between unit lesson planning & stray lesson planning. 22
- Blue print Meaning, Importance, Advantages. 2.3
- Draw out the question paper according to blue print in Science and technology 2.4 method.

Unit-3 Method of Teaching of Science and technology

- Project Method Meaning, concept, principles, steps, type of project, merits & 3.1 demerits.
 - -Comparative method Meaning, merits & demerits, use of comparative method in classroom teaching of Science and technology.
- 3.2 Source method - Meaning, concept, form, importance, classification of source, advantages, limitations, use of source method in classroom teaching of Science and technology.
- Problem solving method Meaning, steps, importance, merits & demerits. 3.3 -Group discussion - Meaning, advantages & disadvantages, importance, Role of a teacher in group discussion method.
- Inductive deductive method Meaning, merits & demerits, effective use of 3.4 inductive - deductive method in classroom teaching of Science and technology.

Unit-4 Content

Content (2) Std-9.and Std.-10

4.1 Content (1) Std-9,

Lesson-3 gravitation (sem-1)

plant tissues (sem-1) Lesson-7

Chemical Bonding (sem-2) Lesson-4

B 109: Economics

Total Credit-4

Internal - 30

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- To understand general principles & maxims of teaching of economics.
- To acquire knowledge of differentiate lesson planning & unit planning in relation to economics.
- To develop the skill of preparing ideal question paper according to blueprint in economics.
- To acquire knowledge of teaching methods of economics.
- To develop the skill of using various methods of teaching of economics.
- To become familiar with internship programme.

Unit-1 General Principles & Maxims of Teaching Economics

- 1.1 Principle of teaching: Meaning, Concept, Importance.
- 1.2 Principles of teaching of Economics.

 (Activity, Motivation, Linking With Life, Definite Aim, Planning, Interest, Individual Differences, Revision)
- 1.3 Maxims of Teaching: Meaning, Importance.
- 1.4 Maxims of Economics teaching.

Unit-2: Lesson planning in Economics (Unit Lesson Planning)

2.1 Unit Lesson Plan: Meaning, concept, importance, steps.

Prepare a unit lesson plan.

- 2.2 Difference between unit lesson planning & stray lesson planning.
- 2.3 Blue print Meaning, Importance, Advantages.
- 2.4 Draw out the question paper according to blue print in economics method.

Unit-3: Method of Teaching of Economics

- 3.1 Project Method Meaning, concept, principles, steps, type of project, merits & demerits.
 - -Comparative method Meaning, merits & demerits, use of comparative method in classroom teaching of economics.
- 3.2 Source method Meaning, concept, form, importance, classification of source, advantages, limitations, use of source method in classroom teaching of economics.
- Problem solving method Meaning, steps, importance, merits & demerits.
 Group discussion Meaning, advantages & disadvantages, importance, of a teacher in group discussion method.
- 3.4 Inductive deductive method Meaning, Merits & Demerits, Combination of deductive & Inductive Method, Effective use of inductive deductive method in classroom teaching of economics.

Unit-4: Content

1 :	Content		(0.1.11)
4.1	Lesson – 6	Market	(Std-11)
4.2	Lesson – 7	Indian Economy	(Std-11)

- 4.2 Lesson 7 Indian Economy (Std-17) 4.3 Lesson – 5 Poverty (Std-12)
- 4.4 Lesson 6 Unemployment (Std-12)

B-110: Organization of Commerce and Management

Total Credit- 4

Internal - 30

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- Will learn Unit Lesson planning of O.C.M.
- Acquires knowledge of different teaching methods of O.C.M.
- Understand the concept and use of evaluation process in account.
- Will develop the skill of preparing ideal question paper according to blue print in O.C.M.
- Applies evaluation techniques most appropriate to assess the progress and achievement of pupils.
- Develops attitudes to be a competent and committed O.C.M. teacher,
- Develops interest for the betterment of O.C.M. in higher secondary school.
- To Prepare Teaching aid for the subject of Account.

UNIT – I MAXIMS OF CLASS ROOM TEACHING, UNIT PLAN, EDUCATIONAL METHODS

- 1.1 Maxims of Teaching: Meaning, Importance and Examples
 - -Easy to Difficult

-Whole to Part

-Simple to Complex

- -Analysis to Synthesis
- 1.2 Educational Method:
 - -Project method: Meaning, Steps, Merits and Demerits, Role of teacher for its effective use
 - -Group Discussion Method: Meaning, Steps, Merits and Demerits, Role of teacher for its effective use
- 1.3 Unit plan: Meaning, Importance, merits and demerits, Steps of unit lesson planning
- 1.4 Difference between unit plan and lesson plan

UNIT -2 EVALUATIONS

- 2.1 Evaluation: Meaning, Concept, objective, importance
- 2.2 Difference between measurement and evaluation
- 2.3 Evaluation Tools (Rating Scale, Check List, Questionair, Socio Metric), Techniques of Evaluation, Types of Examinations (Oral, Practical and Written exam)
- 2.4 Blue print: Meaning, Concept, structure, Construction of an ideal question paper

UNIT -3 TEACHING TECHNIQUES, SYLLABUS & CURRICULUM AND INTERNSHIP

- 3.1 Techniques: Review, Field work, Survey, Interview, Roll play, Observation, Illustration, Questionnaire (Meaning, Importance, Merits, Demerits, Role of Teacher)
- 3.2 Syllabus and Curriculum: Meaning, Difference between Syllabus and Curriculum, Steps of Curriculum Development, Evaluation of curriculum
- 3.3 Internship: Meaning, concept, Structure, Importance, School Activities
- 3.4 Roll of a teacher-trainee in Internship programme

UNIT-4 STD-11 & 12 4.1 STD 11 Chapter – 5 Form of Business Organization-1 4.2 STD 11 Chapter – 6 Form of Business Organization-2 4.3 STD 12 Chapter – 5 Staffing 4.4 STD 12 Chapter – 6 Directing

B-111: Accountancy

Total Credit- 4

Internal - 30

External - 70

Objectives of the course:

After going through the course the teacher trainee will be able:

- Will learn Unit Lesson planning of accountancy.
- Acquires knowledge of different teaching methods of accountancy.
- Understand the concept and use of evaluation process in account.
- Will develop the skill of preparing ideal question paper according to blue print in accountancy.
- Applies evaluation techniques most appropriate to assess the progress and achievement of pupils.
- Develops attitudes to be a competent and committed Accountancy teacher,
- Develops interest for the betterment of Accountancy in higher secondary school.
- To Prepare Teaching aid for the subject of Account.

UNIT - 1 METHOD OF ACCOUNTANCY AND UNIT PLAN

- 1.1 Maxims of Teaching: Meaning, Importance and Examples
 - -Easy to Difficult
- -Whole to Part
- -Simple to Complex
- -Analysis to Synthesis
- 1.2 Educational Method:
 - -Project Method:Meaning, Steps, Merits and Demerits, Role of teacher for its effective use
 - -Analysis-Synthesis Method: Meaning, Steps, Merits and Demerits, Role of teacher for its effective use
- -Group Discussion Method:Meaning, Steps, Merits and Demerits, Role of teacher for its effective use
- 1.3 Unit plan: Meaning, Importance, merits and demerits, Steps of unit lesson planning
- 1.4 Difference between unit plan and lesson plan

UNIT -2 EVALUATIONS

- 2.1 Evaluation: Meaning, Concept, objective, importance
- 2.2 Difference between measurement and evaluation
- 2.3 Evaluation Tools (Rating Scale, Check List, Questionair, Socio Metric), Techniques of Evaluation, Types of Examinations (Oral, Practical and Written exam)
- 2.4 Blue print: Meaning, Concept, structure, Construction of an ideal question paper

UNIT- 3 TEACHING TECHNIQUES, SYLLABUS & CURRICULUM AND INTERNSHIP

- 3.1 Techniques: Review, Field work, Survey, Interview, Roll play, Observation, Illustration, Questionnaire (Meaning, Importance, Merits, Demerits, Role of Teacher)
- 3.2 Syllabus and Curriculum: Meaning, Difference between Syllabus and Curriculum, Steps of Curriculum Development, Evaluation of curriculum

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3.3 3.4	Internship: Meaning, concept, Structure, Importance, School Activities Roll of a teacher-trainee in Internship programme			
UNIT -4	STD-11& 12-Concept and Computation			
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	STD 11 (Part-1) Chapter – 5 Subsidiary Books STD 11 (Part-2) Chapter – 4 Bills of Exchange STD 12 (Part-1) Chapter – 5 Admission of a partner STD 12 (Part-2) Chapter – 4 Analyses of Financial Statements	S		